

COMPRESSION INSPECTION

EM0D1-05

HINT:

If there is lack of power, excessive oil consumption or poor fuel economy, measure the compression pressure.

1. WARM UP AND STOP ENGINE

Allow the engine to warm up to normal operating temperature.

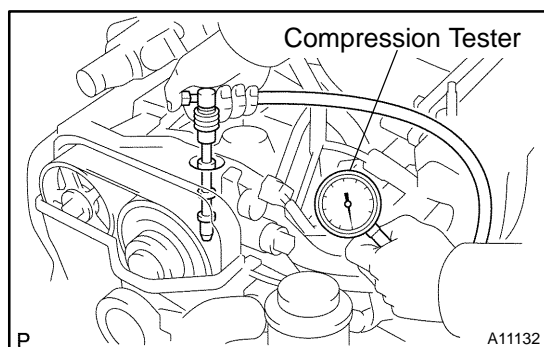
2. REMOVE ENGINE COVER

Remove the 4 nuts and engine cover.

3. DISCONNECT IGNITION COILS AND HIGH-TENSION CORD SET ASSEMBLY (See page IG-7)

4. REMOVE SPARK PLUGS

5. DISCONNECT INJECTOR CONNECTORS



6. CHECK CYLINDER COMPRESSION

- (a) Insert a compression tester into the spark plug hole.
- (b) While cranking the engine, measure the compression pressure.

HINT:

Always use a fully charged battery to obtain engine revolutions of 250 rpm or more.

- (c) Repeat steps (a) through (b) for each cylinder.

NOTICE:

This measurement must be done in as short a time as possible.

Compression:

1,324 kPa (13.5 kgf/cm², 192 psi) or more

Minimum pressure:

1,079 kPa (11.0 kgf/cm², 156 psi)

Difference between each cylinder:

98 kPa (1.0 kgf/cm², 14 psi) or less

- (d) If the cylinder compression in 1 or more cylinders is low, pour a small amount of engine oil into the cylinder through the spark plug hole and repeat steps (a) through (b) for the cylinder with low compression.
 - If adding oil helps the compression, it is likely that the piston rings and/or cylinder bore are probably worn or damaged.
 - If pressure stays low, a valve may be sticking or seating improper, or there may be leakage past the gasket.

7. RECONNECT INJECTOR CONNECTORS**HINT:**

The Nos.1, 3, 5 injector connectors are dark gray, and the Nos.2, 4, 6 injector connectors are brown.

8. REINSTALL SPARK PLUGS**9. RECONNECT IGNITION COILS AND HIGH-TENSION CORD SET ASSEMBLY (See page [IG-9](#))****10. INSTALL ENGINE COVER**

Install the engine cover with the 4 nuts.